## Fixing DC's Residential Housing Inspections and Enforcement

## <u>The Problem</u>: DCRA's Broken Culture and Lack of Tenant-Centered Mission Result in No Meaningful Code Enforcement for Tenants

- DCRA does not have a culture that prioritizes housing code violations, adequately resources residential housing inspections, or uses targeted enforcement against problem landlords.
- Consequently:
  - Enforcement fails at every step of the process: Initial and follow-up inspections are not scheduled or are delayed, and fines are rarely assessed or collected.
  - The agency lacks adequate resources, with far fewer inspectors and enforcement staff than in cities like Baltimore. (eg. DC has ~15 residential inspectors while Baltimore has ~95).
  - No public health lens used to inform policies/enforcement practices.
  - No database or data collected regarding housing code violations or enforcment.
  - No strategic enforcement occurs.
- Low-income tenants are left in unsafe and unhealthy housing with little recourse.

## <u>The Solution</u>: An Agency with a Singular Mission to Protect DC's Tenants

- 1. <u>Culture and Mission Change</u>: DC has ~180,000 occupied rental housing units. We need an agency whose sole purpose is to protect our city's renters.
  - An agency with a mission of protecting tenants will draw public servants with commitment to tenants' well-being and health.
  - The agency's director should be quasi-independent and not beholden to mayoral politics.
  - The agency should be centered around a focus on public health and safety.
  - The agency should be responsive, user-friendly, and transparent.
  - Tenants should be able to access a one-stop shop for housing conditions issues.
- 2. <u>Effective Enforcement</u>: The agency should have an efficient and targeted strategic enforcement regime, informed by the agency's public health focus.
- 3. <u>Appropriately Resourced</u>: The agency should be adequately staffed in inspections and enforcement, with sufficient funding for the agency to abate unresolved and serious violations harmful to health/safety.
  - A minimum number of inspectors per number of rental units should be required by statute.
    Should align with comparable jurisdictions.
  - Should have sufficient enforcement personnel to ensure violations can be thoroughly prosecuted.
- 4. <u>Strategic Focus</u>: The agency should collect and use data in strategic enforcement against problem landlords, in conjunction with sister agencies and OAG where appropriate.